

Title: The effect of voice of Holley Quran on pain after cesarean section, 1997

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Pain following abdominal surgery is an unpleasant sensory and effective experience that can contribute to postoperative complications, prolonging hospitalization and recovery. Pain is not always controlled by prescribed analgesics.

Objective: To determine the effect of voice of HOLLEY QURAN on pain experience after cesarean section.

Design: This is a quasi- experimental study. A visual analogue scale, a questionnaire, a check list was used to assess patient's perception of pain, their pain intensity and behavioral responses to pain.

Setting: Obstetrics- Gynecology center of Tabriz- Medical- Science University.

Samples: 58 nulliparous pregnant women aged 20-30 years admitted for cesarean delivery were randomly assigned in to two groups: case and control. The case group was wearing headphone and listening to voice of HOLLEY QURAN.

Results: The results indicated that there was a significant decrease in pain intensity of case group ($P = 0.01$).

Conclusion: Base on the Results, the researcher suggests the use of voice of HOLLEY QURAN for decreasing of postoperative pain.

Key words: Voice, HOLLEY QURAN, pain, cesarean section.